

## B. Sc. (Sem. II) (CBCS) Examination March / April - 2018

BC-201: Cell Biology & Plant Biochemistry

Faculty Code: 003 Subject Code: 10120022

Time	: 2	1/2 H	ours]	[Total	Marks :	70		
Instruction: Figures in the right indicate marks.								
1	(a)	Obje	ective Type Questions :			4		
		(1)	Prokaryotes lacks nucleus. True/Fa	alse				
		(2)	The term "Mitochondria" was first co	oined by				
		(3)	The main substance that makes upplant is	p cell v	valls in			
		(4)	The principle molecule composing numbrane is	nost of	plasma			
	(b)	Ansv	wer in brief: (any 1 out of 2)			2		
		(1)	Draw well labelled diagram of an	imal ce	ell.			
		(2)	What are viroids?					
	(c)	Answer in detail: (any 1 out of 2)				3		
		(1)	Difference between animal cell an	d plant	t cell.			
		(2)	Explain structure and functions of	f cytosk	xeleton.			
	(d) Write short note		se short note: (any 1 out of 2)			5		
		(1)	Write in detail note on structural or prokaryotes.	organiza	ation of			
		(2)	Short note on plant cell wall.					

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2	(a)	Objective Type Questions.		
		(1)	The cell structure that is the site of ATP synthesis is	
		(2)	The cell structure that stores calcium ion is	
		(3)	Which molecule adds stability to the bilayer plasma membrane?	
		(4)	The membrane present around vacuoles is called	
	(b)	Answer in brief: (any 1 out of 2)		
		(1)	Why mitochondria known as a power house of cell?	
		(2)	What are the functions of peroxysomes?	
	(c)	Answer in detail: (any 1 out of 2)		
		(1)	Write about functions of Golgi body.	
		(2)	Draw well labelled diagram of chloroplast and its functions.	
	(d)	Write short note: (any 1 out of 2)		
		(1)	Write a detail note on ultra structure of nucleus.	
		(2)	Discuss functions of enzymes present in lysosomes.	
3	(a)	Objective Type Question:		4
		(1)	Chromosomes can be counted best at the stage of	
		(2)	During mitosis, homologous chromosomes pair up and separate. True/False	
		(3)	The spindle forms in phase.	
		(4)	During mitosis ER and nucleus began to disappear at phase.	
	(b)	Ans	wer in brief: (any 1 out of 2)	2
		(1)	How cell divisions occurs in cycle.	
		(2)	Define Chismata formation.	
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	(c)	Ans	swer in detail : (any 1 out of 2)	3
		(1)	Explain, significance of Mitosis.	
		(2)	Write in detail about cell cycle.	
	(d)	Wri	te short note : (any 1 out of 2)	5
		(1)	Write in detail about steps of meiosis.	
		(2)	Give the difference between mitosis and meiosis.	
4	(a)	Obj	ective type question :	4
		(1)	has proposed fluid mosaic model.	
		(2)	Sphingolipids derived from	
		(3)	Define diffusion.	
		(4)	Full form of FRAP.	
	(b)	Ans	swer in brief: (any 1 out of 2)	2
		(1)	What is cell membrane? What is it made up of?	
		(2)	Enlist the factors that affect the fluidity of membrane?	
	(c)	Ans	swer in detail: (any 1 out of 2)	3
		(1)	Explain in detail active transport mechanism.	
		(2)	How glucose transport occurs in epithelial cell of intestine.	
	(d)	Wri	te short note: (any 1 out of 2)	5
		(1)	Write about fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane.	
		(2)	Explain various transportation across membrane	
5	(a)	Objective Type Questions:		4
		(1)	The visible product of photosynthesis is	
		(2)	is precursor for abscisic acid.	
		(3)	The source of $CO_2$ during Calvin cycle in $C_4$ plant is	
		(4)	During light phase of photosynthesis is oxidised and is reduced.	
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- (b) Answer in brief: (any 1 out of 2)
  (1) What are the functions of RUBISCO?
  (2) Define: Photorespiration with example
  (c) Answer in detail: (any 1 out of 2)
  (1) Give the difference between C<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>4</sub> cycle.
  (2) Discuss biological N<sub>2</sub> fixation.
  (d) Write short note: (any 1 out of 2)
  5
- (1) Explain plant hormones and their functions.
  - (2) Write a short note on CAM plants metabolism